

CONTRACT

Incorporating the Standard Conditions of Sale (Fifth Edition)

For conveyancer's use only

Buyer's conveyancer:

Seller's conveyancer:

Law Society Formula: [A / B / C / Personal exchange]

The information above does not form part of the Contract

Date

: As to Title Number HE53711 - Marjorie Emma Harris of Green Bank, Hoarwithy,

Seller

: Hereford HR2 6QJ by her Attorneys Leslie Albert Harris and Martin Allen Harris,
Leslie Albert Harris and Martin Allen Harris of Green Bank, Hoarwithy, Hereford
HR2 6QJ. As to Title Number HE53710 - Leslie Albert Harris and Martin Allen
Harris of Green Bank, Hoarwithy, Hereford HR2 6QJ.

Buyer

:

Property (freehold/leasehold)

: Land at Green Bank, Hoarwithy, Hereford, Herefordshire
HR2 6QJ shown for the purpose of identification edged red
on the plan attached

Title number / root of title

: Part of HE53711 and HE53710

Specified incumbrances

:

Title guarantee (full/limited)

: Full

Completion date

: November 2018

Contract rate

: 4% above base lending rate of The Royal Bank of Scotland PLC

Purchase price

:

Deposit

:

Contents price (if separate)

:

Balance

:

The seller will sell and the buyer will buy the property for the purchase price.

WARNING

This is a formal document, designed to
create legal rights and legal obligations.
Take advice before using it.

Signed

Seller/Buyer

STANDARD CONDITIONS OF SALE (FIFTH EDITION)
(NATIONAL CONDITIONS OF SALE 25TH EDITION, LAW SOCIETY'S CONDITIONS OF SALE 2011)

1. GENERAL

1.1 Definitions

1.1.1 In these conditions:

- (a) 'accrued interest' means:
 - (i) if money has been placed on deposit or in a building society share account, the interest actually earned
 - (ii) otherwise, the interest which might reasonably have been earned by depositing the money at interest on seven days' notice of withdrawal with a clearing bank less, in either case, any proper charges for handling the money
- (b) 'clearing bank' means a bank which is a shareholder in CHAPS Clearing Co. Limited
- (c) 'completion date' has the meaning given in condition 6.1.1
- (d) 'contents price' means any separate amount payable for contents included in the contract
- (e) 'contract rate' means the Law Society's interest rate from time to time in force
- (f) 'conveyancer' means a solicitor, barrister, duly certified notary public, licensed conveyancer or recognised body under sections 9 or 28 of the Administration of Justice Act 1985
- (g) 'lease' includes sub-lease, tenancy and agreement for a lease or sub-lease
- (h) 'mortgage' means a mortgage or charge securing the repayment of money
- (i) 'notice to complete' means a notice requiring completion of the contract in accordance with condition 6.8
- (j) 'public requirement' means any notice, order or proposal given or made (whether before or after the date of the contract) by a body acting on statutory authority
- (k) 'requisition' includes objection
- (l) 'transfer' includes conveyance and assignment
- (m) 'working day' means any day from Monday to Friday (inclusive) which is not Christmas Day, Good Friday or a statutory Bank Holiday.

1.1.2 In these conditions the terms 'absolute title' and 'official copies' have the special meanings given to them by the Land Registration Act 2002.

1.1.3 A party is ready, able and willing to complete:

- (a) if he could be, but for the default of the other party, and
- (b) in the case of the seller, even though the property remains subject to a mortgage, if the amount to be paid on completion enables the property to be transferred freed of all mortgages (except any to which the sale is expressly subject).

1.1.4 These conditions apply except as varied or excluded by the contract.

1.2 Joint parties

If there is more than one seller or more than one buyer, the obligations which they undertake can be enforced against them all jointly or against each individually.

1.3 Notices and documents

- 1.3.1 A notice required or authorised by the contract must be in writing.
- 1.3.2 Giving a notice or delivering a document to a party's conveyancer has the same effect as giving or delivering it to that party.
- 1.3.3 Where delivery of the original document is not essential, a notice or document is validly given or sent if it is sent:
 - (a) by fax, or
 - (b) by e-mail to an e-mail address for the intended recipient given in the contract
- 1.3.4 Subject to conditions 1.3.5 to 1.3.7, a notice is given and a document is delivered when it is received.
- 1.3.5 (a) A notice or document sent through a document exchange is received when it is available for collection.
 (b) A notice or document which is received after 4.00pm on a working day, or on a day which is not a working day, is to be treated as having been received on the next working day.
 (c) An automated response to a notice or document sent by e-mail that the intended recipient is out of the office is to be treated as proof that the notice or document was not received.

1.3.6 Condition 1.3.7 applies unless there is proof:

- (a) that a notice or document has not been received, or
 - (b) of when it was received.
- 1.3.7 A notice or document sent by the following means is treated as having been received as follows:
- (a) by first-class post: before 4.00pm on the second working day after posting
 - (b) by second-class post: before 4.00pm on the third working day after posting
 - (c) through a document exchange: before 4.00pm on the first working day after the day on which it would normally be available for collection by the addressee
 - (d) by fax: one hour after despatch
 - (e) by e-mail: before 4.00pm on the first working day after despatch.

1.4 VAT

- 1.4.1 The purchase price and the contents price are inclusive of any value added tax.
- 1.4.2 All other sums made payable by the contract are exclusive of any value added tax and where a supply is made which is chargeable to value added tax, the recipient of the supply is to pay the supplier (in addition to any other amounts payable under the contract) a sum equal to the value added tax chargeable on that supply.

1.5 Assignment and sub-sales

- 1.5.1 The buyer is not entitled to transfer the benefit of the contract
- 1.5.2 The seller cannot be required to transfer the property in parts or to any person other than the buyer.

1.6 Third party rights

Unless otherwise expressly stated nothing in this contract will create rights pursuant to the Contracts (Rights of Third Parties) Act 1999 in favour of anyone other than the parties to the contract.

2. FORMATION

2.1 Date

- 2.1.1 If the parties intend to make a contract by exchanging duplicate copies by post or through a document exchange, the contract is made when the last copy is posted or deposited at the document exchange.
- 2.1.2 If the parties' conveyancers agree to treat exchange as taking place before duplicate copies are actually exchanged, the contract is made as so agreed.

2.2 Deposit

- 2.2.1 The buyer is to pay or send a deposit of 10 per cent of the purchase price no later than the date of the contract.
- 2.2.2 If a cheque tendered in payment of all or part of the deposit is dishonoured when first presented, the seller may, within seven working days of being notified that the cheque has been dishonoured, give notice to the buyer that the contract is discharged by the buyer's breach.
- 2.2.3 Conditions 2.2.4 to 2.2.6 do not apply on a sale by auction.
- 2.2.4 The deposit is to be paid:
 - (a) by electronic means from an account held in the name of a conveyancer at a clearing bank or an account in the name of the seller's conveyancer or (in a case where condition 2.2.5 applies) a conveyancer nominated by him and maintained at a clearing bank or
 - (b) to the seller's conveyancer or (in a case where condition 2.2.5 applies) a conveyancer nominated by him by cheque drawn on a solicitor's or licensed conveyancer's client account

2.2.5 If before completion date the seller agrees to buy another property in England and Wales for his residence, he may use all or any part of the deposit as a deposit in that transaction to be held on terms to the same effect as this condition and condition 2.2.6.

2.2.6 Any deposit or part of a deposit not being used in accordance with condition 2.2.5 is to be held by the seller's conveyancer as stakeholder on terms that on completion it is paid to the seller with accrued interest.

2.3 Auctions

- 2.3.1 On a sale by auction the following conditions apply to the property and, if it is sold in lots, to each lot.
- 2.3.2 The sale is subject to a reserve price.
- 2.3.3 The seller, or a person on his behalf, may bid up to the reserve price.
- 2.3.4 The auctioneer may refuse any bid.

2.3.5 If there is a dispute about a bid, the auctioneer may resolve the dispute or restart the auction at the last undisputed bid.

2.3.6 The deposit is to be paid to the auctioneer as agent for the seller.

3. MATTERS AFFECTING THE PROPERTY

3.1 Freedom from incumbrances

- 3.1.1 The seller is selling the property free from incumbrances, other than those mentioned in condition 3.1.2.
- 3.1.2 The incumbrances subject to which the property is sold are:
 - (a) those specified in the contract
 - (b) those discoverable by inspection of the property before the date of the contract, those the seller does not and could not reasonably know about
 - (c) those, other than mortgages, which the buyer knows about
 - (d) entries made before the date of the contract in any public register except those maintained by the Land Registry or its Land Charges Department or by Companies House
 - (e) public requirements.

3.1.3 After the contract is made, the seller is to give the buyer written details without delay of any new public requirement and of anything in writing which he learns about concerning a matter covered by condition 3.1.2.

3.1.4 The buyer is to bear the cost of complying with any outstanding public requirement and is to indemnify the seller against any liability resulting from a public requirement.

3.2 Physical state

- 3.2.1 The buyer accepts the property in the physical state it is in at the date of the contract unless the seller is building or converting it.
- 3.2.2 A leasehold property is sold subject to any subsisting breach of a condition or tenant's obligation relating to the physical state of the property which renders the lease liable to forfeiture.
- 3.2.3 A sub-lease is granted subject to any subsisting breach of a condition or tenant's obligation relating to the physical state of the property which renders the seller's own lease liable to forfeiture.

3.3 Leases affecting the property

- 3.3.1 The following provisions apply if any part of the property is sold subject to a lease.
- 3.3.2 (a) The seller having provided the buyer with full details of each lease or copies of the documents embodying the lease terms, the buyer is treated as entering into the contract knowing and fully accepting those terms.
 (b) The seller is to inform the buyer without delay if the lease ends or if the seller learns of any application by the tenant in connection with the lease; the seller is then to act as the buyer reasonably directs, and the buyer is to indemnify him against all consequent loss and expense.
 (c) Except with the buyer's consent, the seller is not to agree to any proposal to change the lease terms nor to take any step to end the lease.
 (d) The seller is to inform the buyer without delay of any change to the lease terms which may be proposed or agreed.
 (e) The buyer is to indemnify the seller against all claims arising from the lease after actual completion; this includes claims which are unenforceable against a buyer for want of registration.
 (f) The seller takes no responsibility for what rent is lawfully recoverable, nor for whether or how any legislation affects the lease.
 (g) If the let land is not wholly within the property, the seller may apportion the rent.

4. TITLE AND TRANSFER

4.1 Proof of title

- 4.1.1 Without cost to the buyer, the seller is to provide the buyer with proof of the title to the property and of his ability to transfer it, or to procure its transfer.
- 4.1.2 Where the property has a registered title the proof is to include official copies of the items referred to in rules 134(1)(a) and (b) and 135(1)(a) of the Land Registration Rules 2003, so far as they are not to be discharged or overridden at or before completion.
- 4.1.3 Where the property has an unregistered title, the proof is to include:
 - (a) an abstract of title or an epitome of title with photocopies of the documents, and
 - (b) production of every document or an abstract, epitome or copy of it with an original marking by a conveyancer either against the original or an examined abstract or an examined copy.

4.2 Requisitions

- 4.2.1 The buyer may not raise requisitions:
 - (a) on any title shown by the seller before the contract was made
 - (b) in relation to the matters covered by condition 3.1.2.
- 4.2.2 Notwithstanding condition 4.2.1, the buyer may, within six working days of a matter coming to his attention after the contract was made, raise written requisitions on that matter. In that event, steps 3 and 4 in condition 4.3.1 apply.
- 4.2.3 On the expiry of the relevant time limit under condition 4.2.2 or condition 4.3.1, the buyer loses his right to raise requisitions or to make observations.

4.3 Timetable

4.3.1 Subject to condition 4.2 and to the extent that the seller did not take the steps described in condition 4.1.1 before the contract was made, the following are the steps for deducing and investigating the title to the property to be taken within the following time limits:

Step	Time Limit
1. The seller is to comply with condition 4.1.1	Immediately after making the contract
2. The buyer may raise written requisitions	Six working days after either the date of the contract or the date of delivery of the seller's evidence of title on which the requisitions are raised, whichever is the later
3. The seller is to reply in writing to any requisitions raised	Four working days after receiving the requisitions
4. The buyer may make written observations on the seller's replies	Three working days after receiving the replies

The time limit on the buyer's right to raise requisitions applies even where the seller supplies incomplete evidence of his title, but the buyer may, within six working days from delivery of any further evidence, raise further requisitions resulting from that evidence.

4.3.2 The parties are to take the following steps to prepare and agree the transfer of the property within the following time limits:

Step	Time Limit
A. The buyer is to send the seller a draft transfer	At least twelve working days before completion date
B. The seller is to approve or revise that draft and either return it or retain it for use as the actual transfer	Four working days after delivery of the draft transfer
C. If the draft is returned the buyer is to send an engrossment to the seller	At least five working days before completion date

- 4.3.3 Periods of time under conditions 4.3.1 and 4.3.2 may run concurrently.
- 4.3.4 If the period between the date of the contract and completion date is less than 15 working days, the time limits in conditions 4.2.2, 4.3.1 and 4.3.2 are to be reduced by the same proportion as that period bears to the period of 15 working days. Fractions of a working day are to be rounded down except that the time limit to perform any step is not to be less than one working day.

4.4 Defining the property

- The seller need not:
 - (a) prove the exact boundaries of the property
 - (b) prove who owns fences, ditches, hedges or walls
 - (c) separately identify parts of the property with different titles further than he may be able to do from information in his possession.

4.5 Rents and rentcharges

The fact that a rent or rentcharge, whether payable or receivable by the owner of the property, has been, or will on completion be, informally apportioned is not to be regarded as a defect in title.

4.6 Transfer

- 4.6.1 The buyer does not prejudice his right to raise requisitions, or to require replies to any raised, by taking any steps in relation to preparing or agreeing the transfer.
- 4.6.2 Subject to condition 4.6.3, the seller is to transfer the property with full title guarantee.

- 4.6.3 The transfer is to have effect as if the disposition is expressly made subject to all matters covered by condition 3.1.2 and, if the property is leasehold, is to contain a statement that the covenants set out in section 4 of the Law of Property (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1994 will not extend to any breach of the tenant's covenants in the lease relating to the physical state of the property.
- 4.6.4 If after completion the seller will remain bound by any obligation affecting the property which was disclosed to the buyer before the contract was made, but the law does not imply any covenant by the buyer to indemnify the seller against liability for future breaches of it:
- the buyer is to covenant in the transfer to indemnify the seller against liability for any future breach of the obligation and to perform it from then on, and
 - if required by the seller, the buyer is to execute and deliver to the seller on completion a duplicate transfer prepared by the buyer.
- 4.6.5 The seller is to arrange at his expense that, in relation to every document of title which the buyer does not receive on completion, the buyer is to have the benefit of:
- a written acknowledgement of his right to its production, and
 - a written undertaking for its safe custody (except while it is held by a mortgagee or by someone in a fiduciary capacity).
- 4.7 **Membership of company**
Where the seller is, or is required to be, a member of a company that has an interest in the property or has management responsibilities for the property or the surrounding areas, the seller is, without cost to the buyer, to provide such documents on completion as will enable the buyer to become a member of that company.
- 5. RISK, INSURANCE AND OCCUPATION PENDING COMPLETION**
- 5.1.1 The property is at the risk of the buyer from the date of the contract
- 5.1.2 The seller is under no obligation to the buyer to insure the property unless:
- the contract provides that a policy effected by or for the seller and insuring the property or any part of it against liability for loss or damage is to continue in force, or
 - the property or any part of it is let on terms under which the seller (whether as landlord or as tenant) is obliged to insure against loss or damage.
- 5.1.3 If the seller is obliged to insure the property under condition 5.1.2, the seller is to:
- do everything necessary to maintain the policy
 - permit the buyer to inspect the policy or evidence of its terms
 - if before completion the property suffers loss or damage:
 - pay to the buyer on completion the amount of the policy monies which the seller has received, so far as not applied in repairing or reinstating the property, and
 - if no final payment has then been received, assign to the buyer, at the buyer's expense, all rights to claim under the policy in such form as the buyer reasonably requires and pending execution of the assignment hold any policy monies received in trust for the buyer
 - cancel the policy on completion.
- 5.1.4 Where the property is leasehold and the property, or any building containing it, is insured by a reversioner or other third party, the seller is to use reasonable efforts to ensure that the insurance is maintained until completion and if, before completion, the property or building suffers loss or damage the seller is to assign to the buyer on completion, at the buyer's expense, such rights as the seller may have in the policy monies, in such form as the buyer reasonably requires.
- 5.1.5 If payment under a policy effected by or for the buyer is reduced, because the property is covered against loss or damage by an insurance policy effected by or on behalf of the seller, then, unless the seller is obliged to insure the property under condition 5.1.2, the purchase price is to be abated by the amount of that reduction.
- 5.1.6 Section 47 of the Law of Property Act 1925 does not apply.
- 5.2 Occupation by buyer**
- 5.2.1 If the buyer is not already lawfully in the property, and the seller agrees to let him into occupation, the buyer occupies on the following terms.
- 5.2.2 The buyer is a licensee and not a tenant. The terms of the licence are that the buyer:
- cannot transfer it
 - may permit members of his household to occupy the property
 - is to pay or indemnify the seller against all outgoings and other expenses in respect of the property
 - is to pay the seller a fee calculated at the contract rate on a sum equal to the purchase price (less any deposit paid) for the period of the licence
 - is entitled to any rents and profits from any part of the property which he does not occupy
 - is to keep the property in as good a state of repair as it was in when he went into occupation (except for fair wear and tear) and is not to alter it
 - if the property is leasehold, is not to do anything which puts the seller in breach of his obligations in the lease, and
 - is to quit the property when the licence ends.
- 5.2.3 The buyer is not in occupation for the purposes of this condition if he merely exercises rights of access given solely to do work agreed by the seller.
- 5.2.4 The buyer's licence ends on the earliest of: completion date, rescission of the contract or when five working days' notice given by one party to the other takes effect.
- 5.2.5 If the buyer is in occupation of the property after his licence has come to an end and the contract is subsequently completed he is to pay the seller compensation for his continued occupation calculated at the same rate as the fee mentioned in condition 5.2.2(d).
- 5.2.6 The buyer's right to raise requisitions is unaffected.
- 6. COMPLETION**
- 6.1 Date**
- 6.1.1 Completion date is twenty working days after the date of the contract but time is not of the essence of the contract unless a notice to complete has been served.
- 6.1.2 If the money due on completion is received after 2.00pm, completion is to be treated, for the purposes only of conditions 6.3 and 7.2, as taking place on the next working day as a result of the buyer's default.
- 6.1.3 Condition 6.1.2 does not apply and the seller is treated as in default if:
- the sale is with vacant possession of the property or any part of it, and
 - the buyer is ready, able and willing to complete but does not pay the money due on completion until after 2.00pm because the seller has not vacated the property or that part by that time.
- 6.2 Arrangements and place**
- 6.2.1 The buyer's conveyancer and the seller's conveyancer are to co-operate in agreeing arrangements for completing the contract.
- 6.2.2 Completion is to take place in England and Wales, either at the seller's conveyancer's office or at some other place which the seller reasonably specifies.
- 6.3 Apportionments**
- 6.3.1 On evidence of proper payment being made, income and outgoings of the property are to be apportioned between the parties so far as the change of ownership on completion will affect entitlement to receive or liability to pay them.
- 6.3.2 If the whole property is sold with vacant possession or the seller exercises his option in condition 7.2.4, apportionment is to be made with effect from the date of actual completion; otherwise, it is to be made from completion date.
- 6.3.3 In apportioning any sum, it is to be assumed that the seller owns the property until the end of the day from which apportionment is made and that the sum accrues from day to day at the rate at which it is payable on that day.
- 6.3.4 For the purpose of apportioning income and outgoings, it is to be assumed that they accrue at an equal daily rate throughout the year.
- 6.3.5 When a sum is to be apportioned is not known or easily ascertainable at completion, a provisional apportionment is to be made according to the best estimate available. As soon as the amount is known, a final apportionment is to be made and notified to the other party. Any resulting balance is to be paid no more than ten working days later, and if not then paid the balance is to bear interest at the contract rate from then until payment.
- 6.3.6 Compensation payable under condition 5.2.6 is not to be apportioned.
- 6.4 Amount payable**
The amount payable by the buyer on completion is the purchase price and the contents price (less any deposit already paid to the seller or his agent) adjusted to take account of:
- apportionments made under condition 6.3
 - any compensation to be paid or allowed under condition 7.2
 - any sum payable under condition 5.1.3.

- 6.6 Title deeds**
- 6.5.1 As soon as the buyer has complied with all his obligations under this contract on completion the seller must hand over the documents of title.
- 6.5.2 Condition 6.5.1 does not apply to any documents of title relating to land being retained by the seller after completion.
- 6.6 Rent receipts**
The buyer is to assume that whoever gave any receipt for a payment of rent or service charge which the seller produces was the person or the agent of the person then entitled to that rent or service charge.
- 6.7 Means of payment**
The buyer is to pay the money due on completion by a direct transfer of cleared funds from an account held in the name of a conveyancer at a clearing bank and, if appropriate, an unconditional release of a deposit held by a stakeholder.
- 6.8 Notice to complete**
- 6.8.1 At any time after the time applicable under condition 6.1.2 on completion date, a party who is ready, able and willing to complete may give the other a notice to complete.
- 6.8.2 The parties are to complete the contract within ten working days of giving a notice to complete, excluding the day on which the notice is given. For this purpose, time is of the essence of the contract.
- 6.8.3 On receipt of a notice to complete:
- if the buyer paid no deposit, he is forthwith to pay a deposit of 10 per cent
 - if the buyer paid a deposit of less than 10 per cent, he is forthwith to pay a further deposit equal to the balance of that 10 per cent.
- 7. REMEDIES**
- 7.1 Errors and omissions**
If any plan or statement in the contract, or in the negotiations leading to it, is or was misleading or inaccurate due to an error or omission by the seller, the remedies available to the buyer are as follows:
- When there is a material difference between the description or value of the property, or of any of the contents included in the contract, as represented and as it is, the buyer is entitled to damages.
 - An error or omission only entitles the buyer to rescind the contract:
 - where it results from fraud or recklessness, or
 - where he would be obliged, to his prejudice, to accept property differing substantially (in quantity, quality or tenure) from what the error or omission had led him to expect.
- 7.1.2 If either party rescinds the contract:
- unless the rescission is a result of the buyer's breach of contract the deposit is to be repaid to the buyer with accrued interest
 - the buyer is to return any documents he received from the seller and is to cancel any registration of the contract.
- 7.2 Late completion**
- 7.2.1 If there is default by either or both of the parties in performing their obligations under the contract and completion is delayed, the party whose total period of default is the greater is to pay compensation to the other party.
- 7.2.2 Compensation is calculated at the contract rate on an amount equal to the purchase price, less (where the buyer is the paying party) any deposit paid, for the period by which the paying party's default exceeds that of the receiving party, or, if shorter, the period between completion date and actual completion.
- 7.2.3 Any claim for loss resulting from delayed completion is to be reduced by any compensation paid under this contract.
- 7.2.4 Where the buyer holds the property as tenant of the seller and completion is delayed, the seller may give notice to the buyer, before the date of actual completion, that he intends to take the net income from the property until completion. If he does so, he cannot claim compensation under condition 7.2.1 as well.
- 7.3 After completion**
Completion does not cancel liability to perform any outstanding obligation under this contract.
- 7.4 Buyer's failure to comply with notice to complete**
- 7.4.1 If the buyer fails to complete in accordance with a notice to complete, the following terms apply.
- 7.4.2 The seller may rescind the contract, and if he does so:
- he may:
 - forfeit and keep any deposit and accrued interest
 - resell the property and any contents included in the contract
 - claim damages
 - the buyer is to return any documents he received from the seller and is to cancel any registration of the contract.
- 7.4.3 The seller retains his other rights and remedies.
- 7.5 Seller's failure to comply with notice to complete**
- 7.5.1 If the seller fails to complete in accordance with a notice to complete, the following terms apply.
- 7.5.2 The buyer may rescind the contract, and if he does so:
- the deposit is to be repaid to the buyer with accrued interest
 - the buyer is to return any documents he received from the seller and is, at the seller's expense, to cancel any registration of the contract.
- 7.5.3 The buyer retains his other rights and remedies.
- 8. LEASEHOLD PROPERTY**
- 8.1 Existing leases**
- 8.1.1 The following provisions apply to a sale of leasehold land.
- 8.1.2 The seller having provided the buyer with copies of the documents embodying the lease terms, the buyer is treated as entering into the contract knowing and fully accepting those terms.
- 8.2 New leases**
- 8.2.1 The following provisions apply to a contract to grant a new lease.
- 8.2.2 The conditions apply so that:
- 'seller' means the proposed landlord
 - 'buyer' means the proposed tenant
 - 'purchase price' means the premium to be paid on the grant of a lease.
- 8.2.3 The lease is to be in the form of the draft attached to the contract.
- 8.2.4 If the term of the new lease will exceed seven years, the seller is to deduce a title which will enable the buyer to register the lease at the Land Registry with an absolute title.
- 8.2.5 The seller is to engross the lease and a counterpart of it and is to send the counterpart to the buyer at least five working days before completion date.
- 8.2.6 The buyer is to execute the counterpart and deliver it to the seller on completion.
- 8.3 Consent**
- 8.3.1 (a) The following provisions apply if a consent to let, assign or sub-let is required to complete the contract
- (b) In this condition 'consent' means consent in the form which satisfies the requirement to obtain it.
- 8.3.2 (a) The seller is to apply for the consent at his expense, and to use all reasonable efforts to obtain it
- (b) The buyer is to provide all information and references reasonably required.
- 8.3.3 Unless he is in breach of his obligation under condition 8.3.2, either party may rescind the contract by notice to the other party if three working days before completion date (or before a later date on which the parties have agreed to complete the contract):
- the consent has not been given, or
 - the consent has been given subject to a condition to which a party reasonably objects, in that case, neither party is to be treated as in breach of contract and condition 7.1.2 applies.
- 9. CONTENTS**
- 9.1 The following provisions apply to any contents which are included in the contract, whether or not a separate price is to be paid for them.
- 9.2 The contract takes effect as a contract for sale of goods.
- 9.3 The buyer takes the contents in the physical state they are in at the date of the contract.
- 9.4 Ownership of the contents passes to the buyer on actual completion.

SPECIAL CONDITIONS

- 1 (a) This contract incorporates the Standard Conditions of Sale (Fifth Edition).
(b) The terms used in this contract have the same meaning when used in the Conditions.
- 2 Subject to the terms of this contract and to the Standard Conditions of Sale, the seller is to transfer the property with either full title guarantee or limited title guarantee, as specified on the front page.
- 3 (a) The sale includes those contents which are indicated on the attached list as included in the sale and the buyer is to pay the contents price for them.
(b) The sale excludes those fixtures which are at the property and are indicated on the attached list as excluded from the sale
- 4 The property is sold with vacant possession.
(or)
- 4 The property is sold subject to the following leases or tenancies:

5 Conditions 6.1.2 and 6.1.3 shall take effect as if the time specified in them were 1.00PM rather than 2.00 p.m.

6 Representations

Neither party can rely on any representation made by the other, unless made in writing by the other or his conveyancer, but this does not exclude liability for fraud or recklessness.

7 Occupier's consent

Each occupier identified below agrees with the seller and the buyer, in consideration of their entering into this contract, that the occupier concurs in the sale of the property on the terms of this contract, undertakes to vacate the property on or before the completion date and releases the property and any included fixtures and contents from any right or interest that the occupier may have.

Note: this condition does not apply to occupiers under leases or tenancies subject to which the property is sold.

Name(s) and signature(s) of the occupier(s) (if any):

Name

Signature

Notices may be sent to:

Seller's conveyancer's name: Gabbs Solicitors

14 Broad Street, Hereford HR4 9AP (ALP/639894/2)

E-mail address:*

Buyer's conveyancer's name:

E-mail address:*

*Adding an e-mail address authorises service by e-mail see condition 1.3.3(b)



8. If completion is delayed for any reason and notice to complete is served under Standard Condition 6.8 then the party in default shall on completion (in addition to any sums due to the other party) pay the sum of £150 plus VAT in respect of the other party's solicitor's costs for the preparation and service of the notice to complete.

9. The transfer of the property shall be in the form of the draft Transfer attached to this agreement.

10. In addition to the purchase price the Buyer shall contribute the sum of £164.90 in respect of the Seller's costs incurred in obtaining the Local Search, Environmental Search and Drainage Search.

Transfer of part of registered title(s)

All parts of the form that are not typed should be completed in black ink and in block capitals.

If you need more room than is provided for in a panel, and your software allows, you can expand any panel in the form. Alternatively use continuation sheet CS and attach it to this form.

For information on how HM Land Registry processes your personal information, see our Personal Information Charter.

Leave blank if not yet registered.

When application for registration is made these title number(s) should be entered in panel 2 of Form AP1.

Insert address, including postcode (if any), or other description of the property transferred. Any physical exclusions, such as mines and minerals, should be defined.

Place 'X' in the appropriate box and complete the statement.

For example 'edged red'.

For example 'edged and numbered 1 in blue'.
Any plan lodged must be signed by the transferor.

Remember to date this deed with the day of completion, but not before it has been signed and witnessed.

Give full name(s) of all of the persons transferring the property.

Complete as appropriate where the transferor is a company.

Give full name(s) of all of the persons to be shown as registered proprietors.

Complete as appropriate where the transferee is a company. Also, for an overseas company, unless an arrangement with HM Land Registry exists, lodge either a certificate in Form 7 in Schedule 3 to the Land Registration Rules 2003 or a certified copy of the constitution in English or Welsh, or other evidence permitted by rule 183 of the Land Registration Rules 2003.

	<p>1 Title number(s) out of which the property is transferred: Part HE53710 and HE53711</p>
	<p>2 Other title number(s) against which matters contained in this transfer are to be registered or noted, if any:</p>
	<p>3 Property: Land lying to the north of Green Bank, Hoarwithy, Herefordshire HR3 6EA</p> <p>The property is identified</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> on the attached plan and shown: edged red</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> on the title plan(s) of the above titles and shown:</p>
	<p>4 Date:</p>
	<p>5 Transferor: LESLIE ALBERT HARRIS and MARTIN ALLEN HARRIS as Attorneys for MARJORIE EMMA HARRIS, LESLIE ALBERT HARRIS and MARTIN ALLEN HARRIS</p> <p><u>For UK incorporated companies/LLPs</u> Registered number of company or limited liability partnership including any prefix:</p> <p><u>For overseas companies</u> (a) Territory of incorporation:</p> <p>(b) Registered number in the United Kingdom including any prefix:</p>
	<p>6 Transferee for entry in the register:</p> <p><u>For UK incorporated companies/LLPs</u> Registered number of company or limited liability partnership including any prefix:</p> <p><u>For overseas companies</u> (a) Territory of incorporation:</p> <p>(b) Registered number in the United Kingdom including any prefix:</p>

Each transferee may give up to three addresses for service, one of which must be a postal address whether or not in the UK (including the postcode, if any). The others can be any combination of a postal address, a UK DX box number or an electronic address.

Place 'X' in the appropriate box. State the currency unit if other than sterling. If none of the boxes apply, insert an appropriate memorandum in panel 12.

Place 'X' in any box that applies.

Add any modifications.

Where the transferee is more than one person, place 'X' in the appropriate box.

Complete as necessary.

The registrar will enter a Form A restriction in the register *unless*:

- an 'X' is placed:
 - in the first box, or
 - in the third box and the details of the trust or of the trust instrument show that the transferees are to hold the property on trust for themselves alone as joint tenants, or
- it is clear from completion of a form JO lodged with this application that the transferees are to hold the property on trust for themselves alone as joint tenants.

Please refer to [Joint property ownership](#) and [practice guide 24: private trusts of land](#) for further guidance. These are both available on the GOV.UK website.

7	Transferee's intended address(es) for service for entry in the register:
8	The transferor transfers the property to the transferee
9	Consideration <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The transferor has received from the transferee for the property the following sum (in words and figures): Pounds (£) <input type="checkbox"/> The transfer is not for money or anything that has a monetary value <input type="checkbox"/> Insert other receipt as appropriate:
10	The transferor transfers with <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> full title guarantee <input type="checkbox"/> limited title guarantee
11	Declaration of trust. The transferee is more than one person and <input type="checkbox"/> they are to hold the property on trust for themselves as joint tenants <input type="checkbox"/> they are to hold the property on trust for themselves as tenants in common in equal shares <input type="checkbox"/> they are to hold the property on trust:

Use this panel for:

- definitions of terms not defined above
- rights granted or reserved
- restrictive covenants
- other covenants
- agreements and declarations
- any required or permitted statements
- other agreed provisions.

The prescribed subheadings may be added to, amended, repositioned or omitted.

Any other land affected by rights granted or reserved or by restrictive covenants should be defined by reference to a plan.

12 Additional provisions

Definitions

12.1 The following definitions shall (unless the context requires otherwise) apply throughout this Transfer:-

(1) "Authorities" means the relevant public highway drainage and planning authorities and statutory undertakers responsible for the supply of water gas electricity communication media and similar services

(2) "Buildings" means buildings or other structures and the Conducting Media

(3) "Conducting Media" means any private drainage system and all drains tanks channels sewers flues conduits ducts pipes wires cable gutters mains culverts laser optical fibres data or impulse transmission media communication or reception systems or other transmission media and installations and all fixtures louvres cowls covers and any other ancillary apparatus

(4) "Estate" means all the land now vested in the Transferor registered at HM Land Registry under title numbers HE53710 and HE53711

(5) "Plan" means the plan attached hereto

(6) "Planning Permission" means the outline Planning Permission granted on 10th July 2018 application number 181225

(7) "Property" means the Land forming part of the Estate as shown edged red on the Plan

(8) "Private Drainage System" means the drainage system to be installed of sufficient size to serve the Property together with the buildings to be constructed in accordance with the Planning Permission and the dwelling house erected or to be erected on the Retained Land to include all pipes leading to it and spreader pipes away from it

(9) "Retained Land" means the land (except the Property) vested in the Transferor registered at HM Land Registry under title numbers HE53710 and HE53711 shown edged green on the Plan

12.2 Operative Clauses

12.2.1 The Property is transferred:-

12.2.1.1 with the benefit of the rights and the terms detailed in clause 12.3 (which so far as not already in existence are granted by this Transfer); but

12.2.1.2 subject to the rights in the terms detailed in clause 12.4 (so far as not already in existence or reserved by this Transfer)

12.2.1.3 the Transferee covenants (so far as to bind successors in title and each and every part of the Property) with the Transferor and separately and

permanently with the present or future owners of any part of the Retained Land (so as to benefit each and every part of the Retained Land) in terms detailed in clauses 12.5 and 12.6

12.2.4 The Transferor and the Transferee agree and declare in the terms detailed in clause 12.9

Rights granted for the benefit of the property

12.3 The rights for the Transferee and all persons authorised by it (in common with all others having a similar right):-

12.3.1 of the easements as contained in a deed of grant dated 18th September 2018 and made between (1) CAROLINE RUTH PROBERT and (2) the Transferor;

12.3.2 of passage of water soil gas electricity communication media and similar services through such Conducting Media within the Retained Land as serve the Property;

12.3.3 of entry onto the Retained Land for the purpose of constructing laying and inspecting maintaining renewing and repairing the Conducting Media and the Private Drainage System serving the Property.

Any other land affected should be defined by reference to a plan and the title numbers referred to in panel 2.

Any other land affected should be defined by reference to a plan and the title numbers referred to in panel 2.

Rights reserved for the benefit of other land

12.4 The rights for the Transferor the owners of any parts of the Retained Land the Authorities and all persons authorised by any of the (in common with the Transferor):-

12.4.1 of passage of water soil gas electricity communication media and similar services through such Conducting Media within the Property as serve the Retained Land (if any);

12.4.2 of support and protection of the Retained Land by the Property;

12.4.3 of entry onto the Property for the purpose of constructing laying inspecting maintaining renewing and repairing any Conducting Media serving the Retained Land;

12.4.4 to connect into and thereafter use the Private Drainage System to be constructed by the Transferee subject to paying 1/5th of the ongoing service costs to include electricity usage maintenance and repair;

Include words of covenant.

Restrictive covenants by the transferee

12.5 The Transferee covenants with the Transferor and with the owners of any property within the Retained Land:-

12.5.1 not to breach the terms of the covenants referred to in registered title number HE53710 and HE53711 in so far as they relate to the Property and to indemnify the Transferor at all times against all damages costs and any other liability resulting from any other non-observance or non-performance by the

Transferee of any such covenants;

12.5.2 not to do or permit to be done any act or thing on or about the Property the doing or omission of which shall be or grow to be a nuisance damage danger or disturbance to the Transferor;

12.5.3 not to remove or interfere with any planting or landscaping scheme authorised by the Authorities;

12.5.4 not to erect more than 4 Dwellinghouses on the Property.

Positive covenants by the Transferee

12.6 The Transferee covenants with the Transferor:-

12.6.1 to keep in good repair and condition and Conducting Media which lie within the Property;

12.6.2 to contribute 4/5ths of the cost of inspecting maintaining repairing any Conducting Media and the Private Drainage System which serve the Property and the Retained Land;

12.6.3 to install within 12 months of the date of this Transfer the Private Drainage System in a good and workman like manner and in accordance with building regulations approval.

~~Restrictive covenants by the transferor~~

12.7 Positive covenants of the Transferor

12.7 The Transferor covenants with the Transferee:-

12.7.1 to keep in good repair and condition any Conducting Media which lie within the Retained Land and solely serve the Retained Land;

12.7.2 to contribute 1/5ths towards the maintenance and repair of the Private Drainage System.

Include words of covenant.

~~Other~~

Agreements and Declarations

12.8 The rights detailed in the Transfer are subject to the persons exercising the same:-

12.8.1 as to the rights of entry:-

12.8.1.1 effecting entry at a reasonable time (or at any time in an emergency);

12.8.1.2 giving reasonable notice;

12.8.1.3 causing as little damage as possible;

12.8.1.4 making good to the reasonable satisfaction of any person thereby affected any damage caused.

12.8.2 the rights reserved in this Transfer are

Insert here any required or permitted statements, certificates or applications and any agreed declarations and so on.

intended to extend to any easements wayleaves licences rights and privileges granted or to be granted by the Transferor to any Authorities in connection with any Conducting Media provided or maintained by them for the benefit and advantage of the Estate or any part thereof and the Transferee shall if requested grant to the said Authorities such easements wayleaves licences rights and privileges as they shall require in the connection with the provision and maintenance of such Conducting Media;

12.8.3 all walls fences and similar boundary features dividing the Property from any part of the Retained Land are repair able and maintainable as party boundaries unless they are indicated on the Plan by a "T" within the Property in which case they belong to the Property (unless they are indicated on the Plan by a "T" outside the Property in which case they belong to the adjoining Property);

12.8.4 the Transferee shall not by implication prescription or otherwise than by a grant in this Transfer become entitled to any right of light or air or other easement which would restrict or interfere with the free use of the building or any other purpose of the Retained Land or any adjoining or neighbouring land belonging to the Transferor;

12.8.5 This Transfer shall (unless the context requires otherwise) be interpreted as follows:-

12.8.5.1 (unless otherwise stated in either case) references to clauses and schedules are references to operative clauses to this Transfer and their respective sub-divisions in which the reference appear;

12.8.5.2 headings are inserted for convenience only and shall not affect the construction of this Transfer;

12.8.5.3 the expressions "the Transferor" and "the Transferee" shall extend to their relative successors in title;

12.8.5.4 the singular number shall include the plural number (and vice versa);

12.8.5.5 the neuter gender shall include the masculine and / or the feminine genders (and vice versa in either case);

12.8.5.6 all covenants shall (where more than one person gives or becomes bound by them) be treated as joint and several; and,

12.8.5.7 references to doing any act shall extend to causing or allowing such act

The transferor must execute this transfer as a deed using the space opposite. If there is more than one transferor, all must execute. Forms of execution are given in Schedule 9 to the Land Registration Rules 2003. If the transfer contains transferee's covenants or declarations or contains an application by the transferee (such as for a restriction), it must also be executed by the transferee.

If there is more than one transferee and panel 11 has been completed, each transferee must also execute this transfer to comply with the requirements in section 53(1)(b) of the Law of Property Act 1925 relating to the declaration of a trust of land. Please refer to Joint property ownership and practice guide 24: private trusts of land for further guidance.

13 Execution

Signed as a deed by:
LESLIE ALBERT HARRIS and MARTIN ALLEN HARRIS as Attorneys
for MARJORIE EMMA HARRIS

Signature.....

Signature.....

in the presence of:

Signature of witness.....

Name (in BLOCK CAPITALS)

Address

Signed as a deed by:
LESLIE ALBERT HARRIS

Signature.....

in the presence of:

Signature of witness.....

Name (in BLOCK CAPITALS)

Address

Signed as a deed by:
MARTIN ALLEN HARRIS

Signature.....

in the presence of:

Signature of witness.....

Name (in BLOCK CAPITALS)

Address

Signed as a deed by:

Signature.....

in the presence of:

Signature of witness.....

Name (in BLOCK CAPITALS)

Address

Signed as a deed by:

Signature.....

in the presence of:

Signature of witness.....

Name (in BLOCK CAPITALS)

Address

WARNING

If you dishonestly enter information or make a statement that you know is, or might be, untrue or misleading, and intend by doing so to make a gain for yourself or another person, or to cause loss or the risk of loss to another person, you may commit the offence of fraud under section 1 of the Fraud Act 2006, the maximum penalty for which is 10 years' imprisonment or an unlimited fine, or both. Failure to complete this form with proper care may result in a loss of protection under the Land Registration Act 2002 if, as a result, a mistake is made in the register.

Under section 66 of the Land Registration Act 2002 most documents (including this form) kept by the registrar relating to an application to the registrar or referred to in the register are open to public inspection and copying. If you believe a document contains prejudicial information, you may apply for that part of the document to be made exempt using Form EX1, under rule 136 of the Land Registration Rules 2003.



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OKX
ARCHITECTURE

Colin Goldworthy MCIAT
Lorraine Whitstone MCIAT

Member of the Chartered Institute of Architectural Technologists

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